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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/619,972	07/15/2003	Robert A. Matousek	12622	7832	
26637	7590 06/15/2006		EXAMINER		
	RICA LLC	TORRES, ALICIA M			
INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW DEPARTMENT 700 STATE STREET			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
RACINE, V	RACINE, WI 53404			3671	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/619,972	MATOUSEK ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Alicia M. Torres	3671				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period value is reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nety filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 04 Ap	oril 2006.					
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)□ This	This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.					
Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	i3 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,2,4,5,7-14 and 17-24</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
	6)区 Claim(s) <u>1,2,4,5,7-14 and 17-23</u> is/are rejected.					
,	7) Claim(s) <u>24</u> is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	∋ 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct						
11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	-(d) or (f).				
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage					
application from the International Bureau						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	d.				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) La Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da					
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date		ratent Application (PTO-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1, 5, 11, 12 and 17, 18, 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Schroeder et al. 6,705,067 in view of Vachon 4,480,397 and Frederiksen 4,421,188.
- 3. Regarding claims 1, 5, 11, 12 and 17, 18, Schroeder discloses a harvesting combine (10) wherein the methods for visually monitoring a harvesting combine of claims 17 and 18 are inherent, comprising:
 - A body (at 20)
 - A rotary threshing assembly (20) having a front end located in a front wall
 - A longitudinally extending cab have a side
 - A platform comprising a rear platform portion positioned in the space between the cab
 and the body
 - The rear platform extending along the front wall which is generally transverse to the longitudinally extending body
 - The cab, body and rear platform portion defined a passageway to allow an operator to visually monitor the body from the platform,

• Wherein the rear platform portion is supported on a bridge which has a generally inverted u-shape which extends over and defines a space containing the front end of the rotor (20), as per claim 1; and

Wherein it appears the passageway has a width of approximately 1 8-20 inches, as per claim 5; and

Wherein the combine (10) includes a frame (24), the platform being attached to the frame (24), as per claim 11; and

Wherein the platform (unnumbered horizontal lines connecting the cab with the body, shown in Figure 1) is positioned above two front wheels (unnumbered) of the combine (10), as per claim 12.

However, Schroeder fails to disclose a side platform connected to the rear platform portion comprising a generally L-shaped embodiment when viewed from above; and

Wherein the rear platform portion is removably attached to the bridge to allow the cab to be positioned in the passageway above the front end of the rotor, as per claim 1.

Vachon discloses a similar device including a side platform (12) connected to the rear platform portion (14) comprising a generally L-shaped embodiment when viewed from above.

Frederiksen discloses a device wherein the rear platform portion is removably attached to the bridge (unnumbered, see middle configuration of Figure 1) to allow the cab to be positioned in the passageway above the front end of the rotor.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include the platform of Vachon on the device of Schroeder in order to provide storage for hydraulic pumps.

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It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include the displaceable cab of Frederiksen on the combine of Schroeder in order to provide optimum visibility conditions.

- 4. Regarding claim 21, Schroeder discloses a cab arrangement for a harvesting combine comprising:
 - A harvesting combine (10) including a longitudinally extending body (at 20) having a grain tank (20)
 - A longitudinally extending cab
 - A platform including
 - o Side platform portions
 - A back platform portion positioned between the cab and the grain tank on a inverted u-shaped bridge
 - o The back platform portion defines a space underneath containing a front end of a rotor (18) of a threshing system of the combine extending forwardly of the body of the combine
 - The cab, grain tank and back platform portion define a passageway to allow an operator to visually monitor operating equipment.

However, Schroeder fails to disclose operating equipment inside the housing including a loop elevator and a grain tank and wherein the back platform portion is positioned higher than the side platform portions for allowing visual monitoring of operating equipment from a higher elevation; and

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A releasably attached bridge.

Vachon discloses a similar device including a back platform portion (14) positioned higher than the side platform portions (12) for allowing visual monitoring of operating equipment from a higher elevation.

Frederiksen discloses a device wherein the bridge is releasably attached to the bridge (unnumbered, see middle configuration of Figure 1).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include the raised platform of Vachon on the device of Schroeder in order to make space of operating equipment.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include the displaceable cab of Frederiksen on the combine of Schroeder in order to provide optimum visibility conditions.

5. Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Schroeder and Vachon as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Frederiksen 4,421,188.

The device is disclosed as applied above. However, Schroeder fails to disclose wherein the cab is supported on the combine by a linkage assembly movable for moving the cab upwardly and rearwardly into the passageway and adjacent to the front wall, as per claim 2.

Frederiksen discloses a displaceable cab (2) wherein the cab (2) is supported by a linkage assembly (3, 4) movable for moving the cab upwardly and rearwardly, as per claim 2.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include the displaceable cab of Frederiksen on the combine of

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Schroeder and Vachon in order to provide optimum visibility conditions.

6. Claims 4, 7 and 8 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Schroeder, Vachon and Frederiksen as applied to claim 3 above, and further in view of Ensink.

The device is disclosed as applied above. However, the combination fails to disclose wherein the platform is connected to at least one side platform portion located beside the cab, the platform between the cab and the body being located at a higher elevation than the at least one side platform portion, as per claim 4; and

Wherein the platform is supported on a bridge which has a generally inverted u-shape which extends over and defines a space containing the front end of the rotor, as per claim 6; and

Wherein the bridge supports at least one step at an elevation between the platform and the at least one side platform portion, as per claim 7; and

Comprising two of the side platform portions beside opposite sides of the cab, respectively, the side platform portions and the platform together having a u-shape when viewed from above, as per claim 8.

Ensink discloses a platform wherein the platform (15) is connected to at least one side platform portion (16), the platform (15) being located at a higher elevation than the at least one side platform portion (16), as per claim 4; and

Wherein the platform (16) is supported on a bridge (platform frame) which has a generally inverted u-shape, as per claim 6; and

Wherein the bridge (frame) supports at least one step (at 16) at an elevation between the platform (15) and the at least one side platform portion (16), as per claim 7; and

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Comprising two of the side platform portions (16) beside opposite sides of the cab, respectively, the side platform portions (16) and the platform (15) together having a u-shape when viewed from above, as per claim 8.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include the elevated platform portion of Ensink on the device of Schroeder, Vachon and Frederiksen in order to allow an operator to stand at different elevations.

7. Claims 9, 19 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Schroeder, Vachon, Frederiksen and Ensink as applied above, and further in view of Stauffer.

The device is disclosed as applied above. However, the combination fails to disclose wherein the cab includes a back wall, the back wall including a transparent glass window to provide the operator with enhanced visibility behind the cab.

Stuaffer discloses a cab wherein the cab (10) includes a back wall (8%, the back wall including a transparent glass window (82) to provide the operator with enhanced visibility.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include the glass window of Stuaffer on the device of Schroeder, Vachon, Frederiksen and Ensink in order to provide better visibility.

8. Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Schroeder and Vachon in view of Copley et a1.

Schroeder and Vachone disclose the device as described above. However, the combination fails to disclose wherein the platform includes a railing extending upward from the platform and along an outer perimeter of the platform, as per claim 10.

Copley discloses a combine wherein the platform includes a railing (20) extending upward from the platform and along an outer perimeter of the platform, as per claim 10.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include the railing of Copley on the platform of Schroeder and Vachon in order to provide balance and support for the operator.

9. Claims 13 and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Schroeder and Vachon in view of Hurlburt, as cited by Applicant.

The device is disclosed as applied above. However, the combination fails to disclose wherein the cab includes a curved transparent front panel, as per claim 13; and

Wherein the curved transparent front panel is comprised of glass, as per claim 14.

Hurlburt discloses as combine wherein the cab (12) includes a curved transparent front panel (35), as per claim 13; and

Wherein the curved transparent front panel (35) is comprised of glass, as per claim 14.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include the transparent panel of Hurlburt on the device of Schroeder in order to maximize the operator's vision.

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10. Claims 22 and 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Schroeder in view of Vachon as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Powell 4,209,024.

The device is disclosed as applied above. However, the combination fails to disclose wherein the body includes a housing and operating equipment including a loop elevator assembly and a grain tank.

Powell discloses a similar combine including a housing and operating equipment including a loop elevator (47) assembly and a grain tank (48).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include the equipment of Powell on the device of Schroeder and Vachon in order to provide a high capacity combine.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to the claims have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Allowable Subject Matter

11. Claim 24 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

12. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

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A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

13. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Alicia M. Torres whose telephone number is 571-272-6997. The examiner can normally be reached Monday through Thursday from 7:00 a.m. – 4:30 p.m.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Thomas B. Will, can be reached at 571-272-6998.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the group receptionist whose telephone number is 703-305-1113. The fax number for this Group is 571-273-8300.

Thomas B. Will

upervisory Patent Examiner

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